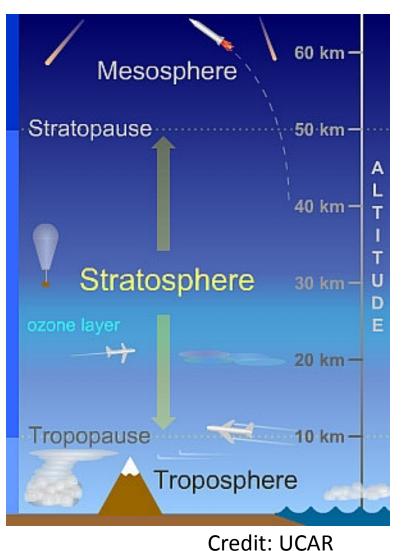
# Simulating Climate Change in the Stratosphere

#### **Presented by Pu Lin**

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### The stratosphere: A unique component of the climate system

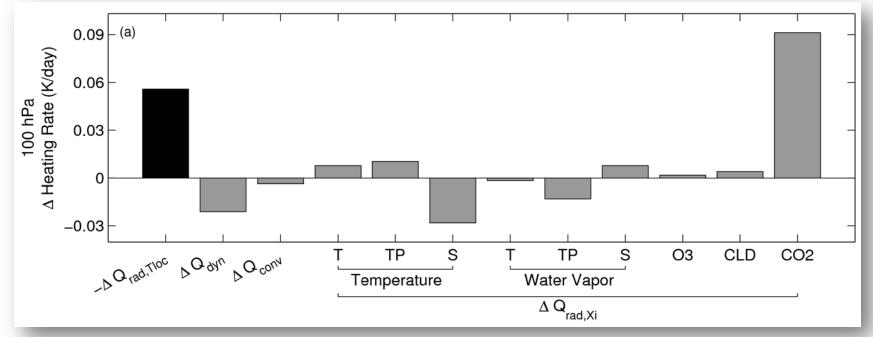


- Additional validation for basic theories.
- Significant influence on weather and climate in the troposphere and at the surface.
  - Radiation balance is sensitive to changes in trace gases such as ozone and stratospheric water vapor.
  - Dynamical coupling between the stratosphere and the troposphere.
  - Composition changes from stratosphere-troposphere exchange.



#### **Tropical tropopause warming : Insights from heat budget analysis**

Changes in the Heating Rate at the tropical tropopause from 4xCO2

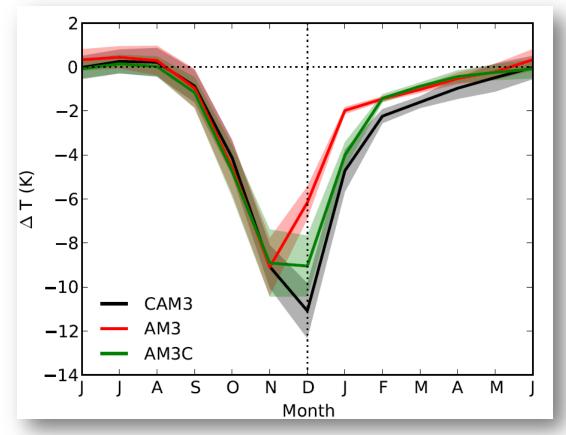


- GFDL AM3 is capable of simulating the relevant dynamic, radiative, chemical and thermodynamic processes.
- A detailed heat budget is achieved by combining GCM output and the corresponding off-line radiative transfer model.
- A quantitative investigation of the mechanisms.



#### **Response to Ozone Depletion: Role of the Zonal Wind Climatology**

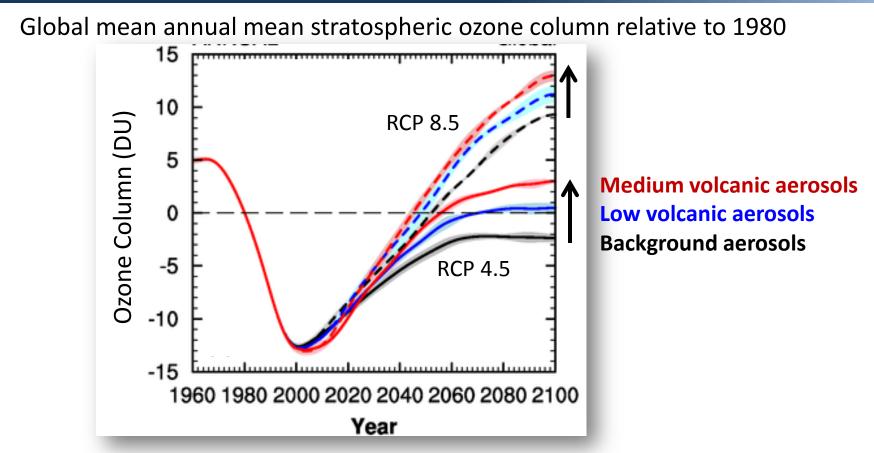
ΔT at 60°S-90°S 100 hPa as ozone depletes from 1960 level to 2000 level



Delayed southern polar vortex breakdown, a common model bias, implies an overestimation of the response to ozone depletion.



#### **Stratospheric ozone recovery:** Elevated volcanic aerosols increase ozone in a low halogen world



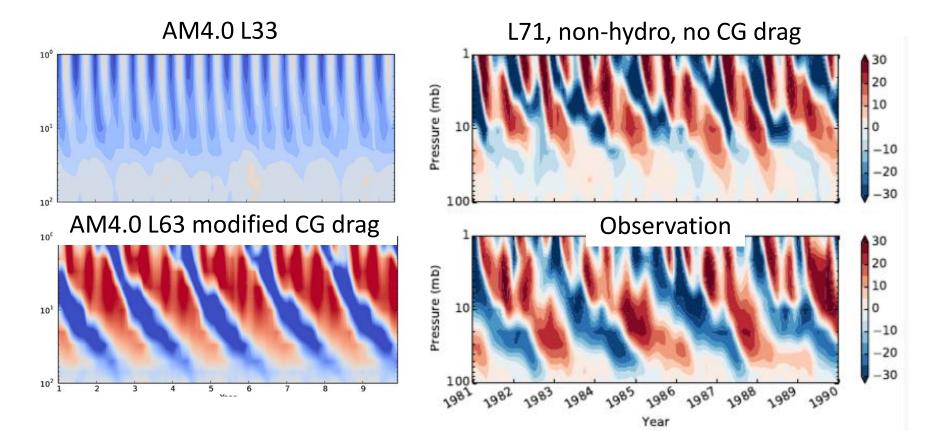
- Volcanic aerosols induce uncertainties in future stratospheric ozone projections and expected recovery dates.
- Accurate representation of stratospheric aerosols is necessary.

## Summary

- GFDL models are capable of simulating the essential radiative, dynamic and chemical processes in the stratosphere.
- Heat budget analysis reveals that the direct radiative effect of CO<sub>2</sub> increase is a major contributor to the tropical tropopause warming.
- The simulated response to ozone depletion depends on the zonal wind climatology.
- Future projections of ozone is modulated by volcanic aerosols.

#### Future outlook: High resolution, non-hydrostatic simulations open new doors

Equatorial zonal wind simulated with different model configurations



Courtesy of Lucas Harris