HPC Techniques, Technologies and Strategies

Presented by Jeff Durachta

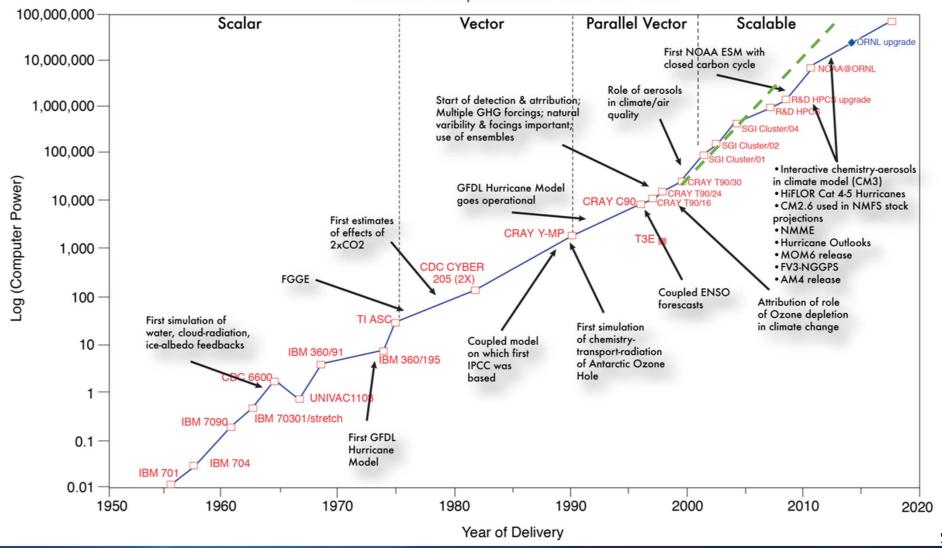
Geophysical Fluid Dynamics Laboratory Review
October 29-31, 2019



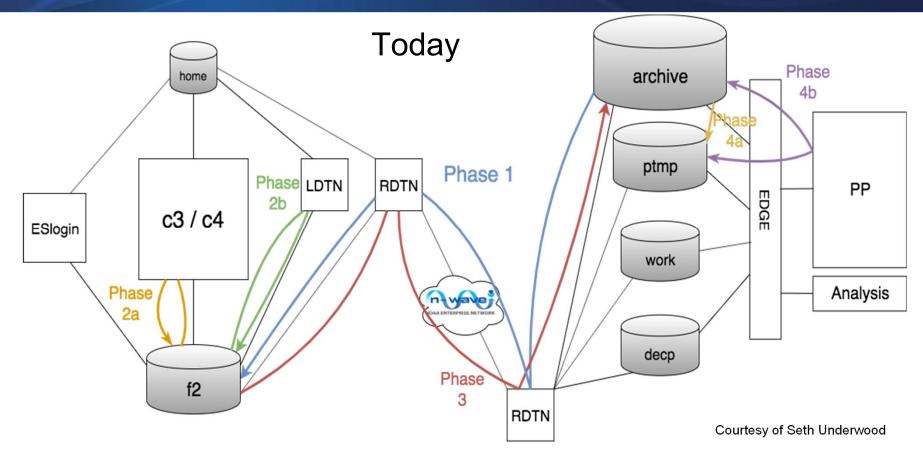
HPC Permeates Earth System Modeling

HISTORY OF GFDL COMPUTING

Growth of Computational Power with Time



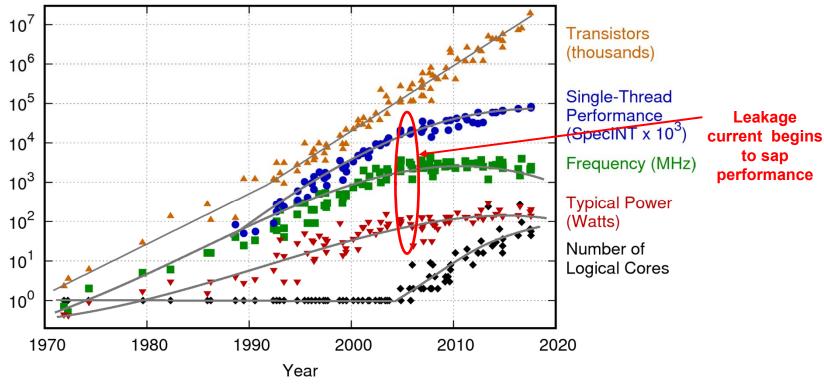
Explosive Growth = Spiraling Complexity



- Increased model resolutions will drive huge increase in data volumes
- As complex as storage hierarchies are today, the future promises even more levels
 - For example: On system non-volatile memory and Flash-based file systems
- Workflows must adapt to deploy processing at the appropriate level of storage



30 Years of Microprocessor Performance Scaling Ends



Original data up to the year 2010 collected and plotted by M. Horowitz, F. Labonte, O. Shacham, K. Olukotun, L. Hammond, and C. Batten New plot and data collected for 2010-2017 by K. Rupp

- Power and heat problems inhibit further improvements in processor core speed
- But we can continue to etch more cores onto the chip => core counts proliferate
- Theoretical instructions per cycle and memory hierarchy capabilities to deliver data diverge
 - Earth System modeling computations remain extended stencils with many variables
 - Peak flops become increasingly mythical

Courtesy of Seth Underwood



What role might GPUs play in GFDL's Future?

Analysis of HPC trends has motivated DOE to invest well over \$1B in GPU based technologies

Pre-Exascale 2020



Perlmutter – NERSC @LBL (\$146M) Cray / AMD CPU / NVIDIA GPU Nodes: CPU-only & CPU+GPU

Intel Xeon + Xe



Exascale 2021



Aurora – ALCF @ANL (\$500M) Cray / Intel CPU+ Intel GPUs Nodes: Uniform CPU+GPU





2022

AMD EPYC + Radeon

Frontier – NCRC @ORNL (\$600M+)
Cray / AMD CPU+ AMD GPUs
Nodes: Uniform CPU+GPU